

establish a commemorative work in the District of Columbia and its environs, and for other purposes, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Washington (Mr. HASTINGS) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill.

This is a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 387, nays 7, not voting 38, as follows:

[Roll No. 13]

YEAS—387

Aderholt	Daines	Holding
Amodel	Davis, Danny	Holt
Andrews	Davis, Rodney	Honda
Bachmann	DeFazio	Horsford
Bachus	DeGette	Hoyer
Barber	Delaney	Hudson
Barletta	DeLauro	Huelskamp
Barr	DelBene	Huffman
Barrow (GA)	Denham	Huizenga (MI)
Barton	Dent	Hultgren
Bass	DeSantis	Hunter
Beatty	DesJarlais	Hurt
Becerra	Deutch	Israel
Benishek	Diaz-Balart	Issa
Bentivolio	Dingell	Jackson Lee
Bera (CA)	Doggett	Jeffries
Bilirakis	Doyle	Jenkins
Bishop (GA)	Duckworth	Johnson (OH)
Bishop (NY)	Duffy	Johnson, E. B.
Bishop (UT)	Duncan (SC)	Johnson, Sam
Black	Duncan (TN)	Jordan
Blumenauer	Edwards	Joyce
Bonamici	Ellison	Kaptur
Boustany	Enyart	Keating
Brady (PA)	Eshoo	Kelly (IL)
Brady (TX)	Esty	Kelly (PA)
Braley (IA)	Farenthold	Kennedy
Bridenstine	Farr	Kildee
Brooks (AL)	Fattah	Kilmer
Brooks (IN)	Fincher	Kind
Brown (FL)	Fitzpatrick	King (IA)
Brownley (CA)	Fleischmann	King (NY)
Bucshon	Fleming	Kinzinger (IL)
Burgess	Flores	Kirkpatrick
Bustos	Forbes	Kline
Butterfield	Fortenberry	Kuster
Byrne	Foster	Labrador
Calvert	Fox	LaMalfa
Camp	Frankel (FL)	Lamborn
Cantor	Franks (AZ)	Lance
Capito	Frelinghuysen	Langevin
Capps	Fudge	Lankford
Capuano	Galleo	Larsen (WA)
Cárdenas	Garamendi	Larson (CT)
Carson (IN)	Garcia	Latham
Carter	Gardner	Latta
Cartwright	Garrett	Levin
Cassidy	Gibbs	Lewis
Castor (FL)	Gibson	Lipinski
Castro (TX)	Goodlatte	LoBiondo
Chabot	Gosar	Loeb
Chaffetz	Gowdy	Lofgren
Chu	Granger	Long
Cicilline	Graves (GA)	Lowenthal
Clark (MA)	Graves (MO)	Lucas
Clarke (NY)	Grayson	Luetkemeyer
Clay	Green, Al	Lujan Grisham
Clyburn	Green, Gene	(NM)
Coble	Griffin (AR)	Lujan, Ben Ray
Coffman	Griffith (VA)	(NM)
Cohen	Grijalva	Lummis
Cole	Grimm	Lynch
Collins (GA)	Guthrie	Maffei
Collins (NY)	Hahn	Maloney,
Conaway	Hall	Carolyn
Connolly	Hanabusa	Maloney, Sean
Conyers	Hanna	Marchant
Cook	Harper	Marino
Cooper	Harris	Massie
Costa	Hartzler	Matheson
Cotton	Hastings (FL)	Matsui
Courtney	Hastings (WA)	McAllister
Cramer	Heck (NV)	McCarthy (CA)
Crawford	Heck (WA)	McCauley
Crenshaw	Hensarling	McClintock
Crowley	Higgins	McCollum
Cuellar	Himes	McDermott
Cummings	Hinojosa	McGovern

McHenry	Pompeo	Smith (MO)
McKeon	Posey	Smith (NE)
McKinley	Price (GA)	Smith (NJ)
McMorris	Price (NC)	Smith (TX)
Rodgers	Quigley	Southerland
McNerney	Radel	Stewart
Meadows	Rahall	Stivers
Meehan	Rangel	Stutzman
Meeks	Reed	Swalwell (CA)
Messer	Reichert	Takano
Mica	Renacci	Terry
Michaud	Ribble	Thompson (CA)
Miller (FL)	Rice (SC)	Thompson (MS)
Miller (MI)	Rigell	Thompson (PA)
Miller, Gary	Roby	Thornberry
Moore	Roe (TN)	Tierney
Moran	Rogers (AL)	Tipton
Mullin	Rogers (KY)	Titus
Mulvaney	Rogers (MI)	Tonko
Murphy (FL)	Rokita	Tsongas
Murphy (PA)	Rooney	Turner
Nadler	Ros-Lehtinen	Upton
Napolitano	Roskam	Valadao
Neal	Ross	Van Hollen
Negrete McLeod	Rothfus	Vargas
Neugebauer	Royce	Veasey
Noem	Ruiz	Vela
Nolan	Ryan (WI)	Velázquez
Nugent	Salmon	Visclosky
Nunes	Sánchez, Linda	Wagner
Nunnelee	T.	Walberg
O'Rourke	Sanford	Walden
Olson	Sarbanes	Walorski
Owens	Scalise	Walz
Pallone	Schakowsky	Waters
Pascrell	Schiff	Waxman
Pastor (AZ)	Schneider	Webster (FL)
Paulsen	Schock	Welch
Payne	Schrader	Wenstrup
Pearce	Schweikert	Whitfield
Pelosi	Scott (VA)	Williams
Perlmutter	Scott, Austin	Wilson (FL)
Perry	Scott, David	Wilson (SC)
Peters (CA)	Sensenbrenner	Wittman
Peters (MI)	Serrano	Wolf
Peterson	Sessions	Womack
Petri	Sewell (AL)	Woodall
Pingree (ME)	Shea-Porter	Yarmuth
Pittenger	Sherman	Yoder
Pitts	Shimkus	Yoho
Pocan	Shuster	Young (AK)
Poe (TX)	Sinema	Young (IN)
Polis	Slaughter	

NAYS—7

Amash	Gohmert	Westmoreland
Broun (GA)	Palazzo	
Gingrey (GA)	Weber (TX)	

NOT VOTING—38

Blackburn	Johnson (GA)	Ruppersberger
Buchanan	Jones	Rush
Campbell	Kingston	Ryan (OH)
Carney	Lee (CA)	Sanchez, Loretta
Cleaver	Lowey	Schwartz
Culberson	McCarthy (NY)	Simpson
Davis (CA)	McIntyre	Sires
Ellmers	Meng	Smith (WA)
Engel	Miller, George	Speier
Gabbard	Richmond	Stockman
Gerlach	Rohrabacher	Tiberi
Gutiérrez	Roybal-Allard	Wasserman
Herrera Beutler	Runyan	Schultz

□ 1900

Mr. GINGREY of Georgia changed his vote from “yea” to “nay.”

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

RECOGNIZING THE 111TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE ARRIVAL OF THE FIRST KOREAN IMMIGRANTS

(Mr. ROYCE asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. ROYCE. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to celebrate the tremendous

achievements that Korean Americans have made since the first Koreans arrived here in California, in the United States, on this day, on January 13, back in 1903.

In recognizing this special anniversary, we honor the rich cultural history, the wonderful contributions that those Korean Americans have made to the arts, to science, to commerce.

Korean Americans are leaders in business and government and in the community here. They serve bravely in our Nation's armed services and have made the ultimate sacrifice in defense of our Nation.

As chairman of the Foreign Affairs Committee, I also see the positive impact of Korean Americans on the U.S. Republic of Korea relationship. Last year, I was honored to welcome President Park when she visited the U.S. and made a special stop in southern California to meet with Korean American leaders.

Next month, I will lead a bipartisan delegation to Seoul to meet with President Park to reinforce America's friendship with South Korea.

Having chaired the U.S.-Korea Interparliamentary Exchange, I know well the role that those members of the National Assembly and of our House of Representatives played in establishing the U.S.-Korea Free Trade Agreement.

So, in the months ahead, Congress will continue its work on issues that deepen the relationship, the special relationship, with U.S. and South Korea.

THE WAR ON POVERTY

(Ms. BASS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Ms. BASS. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to join my colleagues in marking the 50th anniversary of the war on poverty.

When I was 20 years old, I went to work for the Greater Los Angeles Community Action Agency, which was the administrative agency for the war on poverty in Los Angeles. This experience helped shape my commitment for public service.

The war on poverty has had a real, lasting, and positive legacy; but there is still much more that needs to be done. According to the U.S. Census, roughly one in three Americans lived in poverty for at least 2 months from 2009 to 2011, one in three.

Congress needs to make sure that we are doing all we can to help Americans by creating jobs and addressing the structural causes of poverty.

Without a doubt, the war on poverty was more than a speech; it was a commitment backed up by public policy and resources to help Americans escape the tyranny of poverty. On this golden anniversary, let us return to this commitment in our laws, our programs, and our communities.

THIS MUST CHANGE

(Mr. ROTHFUS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1

minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. ROTHFUS. Mr. Speaker, Friday's jobs report was discouraging: 347,000 people stopped looking for work. One commentator said people "simply gave up."

This has been the worst recovery since the Great Depression. The President's policies, massive spending, a destructive health care law, a promise to bankrupt the coal industry, and a refusal to build Keystone XL have not produced jobs. They have, however, helped Wall Street and Washington elites. This is not fair.

One of my bosses in Pennsylvania 12, Laurie, emailed about her husband, who lost his job as a result of the war on coal. He took care of his family with that job.

She writes:

Many other industries besides the miner are affected. It trickles down to the truck driver, the blasting companies, and even down to our restaurants and retail stores.

To help families like Laurie's, this House has passed dozens of bills to promote job growth. Unfortunately, the Senate has failed to act. This must change so that more people do not simply give up.

HONORING THE LIFE AND SERVICE OF ASSEMBLYMAN BERNIE ANDERSON

(Mr. HORSFORD asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. HORSFORD. Mr. Speaker, I come to the floor today to remember Assemblyman Bernie Anderson of Sparks, Nevada, who passed away last Friday.

Bernie was a true public servant, not just as a lawmaker, but as an educator as well. For 32 years, he was a dedicated teacher and was recognized with the Teacher of the Month Award by the Reno/Sparks Chamber of Commerce in October 1985.

As chair of the Assembly Judiciary Committee, he was a staunch advocate for children and drug treatment policy that provided people the help they needed.

When asked how he became successful at his job, he answered:

I try to listen rather than talk. I like people. I care about what people are thinking and how they see solutions to the problems.

We desperately need more people like Bernie Anderson in this world. He will be missed by many. My thoughts and prayers remain with his family.

OPPOSITION TO UNESCO FUNDING

(Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN. Mr. Speaker, because UNESCO admitted the non-existent state of Palestine to its membership, we were obligated, under U.S.

law, to cut off funding for that anti-American, anti-Israel organization.

Yet some in Congress are trying to change these laws in the upcoming omnibus spending bill without giving Members of Congress the opportunity to have an open and honest debate on the merits of having our constituents fund UNESCO.

There is no incentive for the House to go against our principles, to go against U.S. law; and I will remain in absolute opposition to any proposition that offers the administration a waiver on this or offers a plan to fund, partially or fully, any part of UNESCO.

UNESCO knew what it was doing when it voted Palestine into its club, but UNESCO counted on the squishy Obama administration to fund the agency anyway.

Well, Congress should say "no" to UNESCO. We should say to UNESCO, no, you are not worthy of the hard-earned taxpayer dollars of our constituents; and enough is enough, Mr. Speaker.

RECOGNIZING THE 101ST ANNIVERSARY OF DELTA SIGMA THETA SORORITY, INCORPORATED

(Ms. CLARKE of New York asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. CLARKE of New York. Mr. Speaker, as a proud member of the Brooklyn Alumnae Chapter of Delta Sigma Theta Sorority, Incorporated, it is my deepest honor to extend warm wishes to my sorority on our 101st Founders Day.

Established on January 13, 1913, by 22 young women at Howard University in Washington, D.C., the women of Delta Sigma Theta soon demonstrated their commitment to social justice, public service, and active participation in our civil society.

The women of Delta Sigma Theta worked to support academic excellence at their colleges and universities and to provide assistance to women in need.

In 1950, its first overseas chapter was established in Port-au-Prince, Haiti. The sorority currently has more than 900 chapters located in the United States, England, Japan, Germany, the Virgin Islands, Bermuda, the Bahamas, and the Republic of Korea.

Many very prominent corporate, public, and community leaders are members of the sorority, including the chair of the Congressional Black Caucus, the Honorable MARCIA FUDGE, who is a past national president of Delta, and the Honorable Congresswoman JOYCE BEATTY of Columbus, Ohio.

My predecessor in Congress, the Honorable Shirley Chisholm, was also a member of Delta Sigma Theta. Her work as an activist and an elected official provides an example of the capacity of leadership that the sorority has developed in generation after generation of young, college-educated women.

To the women of Delta Sigma Theta Sorority, Incorporated, Happy Founders Day.

□ 1915

KILLER DRINKING WATER—AFRICA

(Mr. POE of Texas asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. POE of Texas. Mr. Speaker, as the Sun rises each morning in Africa, Angelina gathers water for her family. But the community water well in Muyayano, Malawi, is broken most every day. So she and other women like her are forced to go 10 miles to fetch water from a polluted river, water that is bacterially infested with waste, parasites, and other insects.

Going to the smelly river is physically hard. But it is also emotionally hard because Angelina's 2-year-old daughter got sick and died from the bug-infested river water, a girl similar to this one. But Angelina goes to the river because she has no other option.

Every 21 seconds, a child dies from water-related diseases. By the time I finish talking, three children will die. This ought not to be.

Representative BLUMENAUER and I have introduced the Water for the World Act. This will make U.S. water aid more efficient, and it will be more coordinated. We have it within our power to fix this tragedy so that mothers in Africa don't lose their daughters to polluted drinking water.

And that's just the way it is.

HAITIAN EARTHQUAKE

(Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to remind us that it has been 4 years since a 7.0 magnitude earthquake devastated Haiti, killing more than 300,000 people and displacing more than 2 million Haitians.

Today, according to the International Organization for Migration, 350,000 people remain in impoverished conditions, squalid tent cities litter the countryside, and the nation deals with an ongoing food crisis as it fights a cholera outbreak.

As we reflect on this ongoing tragedy and empathize with the continuing suffering of the people of Haiti, let's reinvigorate our resolute commitment to Haiti's full recovery and its future development.

VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS

(Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania. Mr. Speaker, under the Affordable Care